

The Standard

AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

No. 767—Third Year.

BUENOS AYRES, FRIDAY, AUGUST 12, 1884.

Circulation 1,500

MAUÁ BANK

CALLE CANGALLO, Nos. 101—103.

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH.
IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE.
For balances in our favour, ... 12 per cent.
For balances in favour of Customers, ... 12 per cent.
IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY.
For balances in our favour, ... 12 per cent.
For balances in favour of Customers, ... 12 per cent.
Deposits for a fixed term in specie or currency, at conventional interest.
P. P. MAUÁ & CO.,
WILLIAM LESLIE.

MAUÁ BANK,

CALLE CANGALLO, Nos 101—103

The Office of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank:—
First—Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.
Second—Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved of by the Manager.
Third—Accounts current are opened with Merchants or other parties who may prefer depositing deposits and transferring securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously conveyed under conditions established for such class of operations.
Fourth—Money is received in account current, bearing interest from day of deposit, which is accumulated in favor of the parties every three months, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time, by means of cheque, part or the full amount at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubloons or one hundred thousand dollars currency, in which case forty-eight hours' previous notice is required to be given to the Treasury of the Bank.
Fifth—Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta. Fé, Salto Oriental, Paysandú, Rio Jacinto, and other places in the Brazil, England and France, as also on other places, of which notice will be given hereafter.
Finally, the Bank undertakes and executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations. The establishment is always open from 9 a.m. till 4 p.m.
P. P. MAUÁ & CO.,
WILLIAM LESLIE.

MONEY ORDER.

Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned, payable on demand at any of the Fifty-two branches of the NATIONAL BANK.

Drafts are also granted on Messrs. Fawcett, Gorton, and Co., Bankers, LONDON; and on J. BARNES and Co., Bankers, LIVERPOOL.
Timely applications should be made at the Office of Mr. Wilson Jacobs, Exchange Broker, No. 65 Calle San Martín (opposite the Bolas).
THOMAS B. HALL.

DRAFTS AT SIGHT

ON THE
UNION BANK OF IRELAND
INCORPORATED BY THE
London, Buenos Ayres, and River Plate Bank.
CALLE DE LA PIEDAD, No. 80.

IRELAND.

Drafts payable at any of the undermentioned branches of THE NATIONAL BANK
Can be obtained from
WANKLYN AND CO.,
No. 98 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

Athlone	Ennis	Sligo
Ballyvaughan	Ferry	Stoke
Ballyvaughan	Galway	Mounsmellick
Boyle	Kanturk	Mullingar
Carlow	Kells	Newcastle
Carraigmacross	Kilbenny	County Limerick
Carraigmacross	Kilrush	New Ross
Cash	Kinross	Rathfriland
Castellon	Limerick	Roscommon
Charleville	Lisamore	Rosetta
Clonahilly	Lisnakeilly	Sligo
Clonmel	Londonderry	Tipperary
Cork	Loughrea	Trillick
Dublin	Loughrea	Tuam
Dungannon	Malinbeg	Waterford
Ennis	Middleton	Wick

Briton & Medical General (Incorporated with the Unity General) Life Assurance Association
Chief Office—WEST STRAND, LONDON, W.C.
Capital—3,000,000. Sterling.
Propositions for Life Assurances are received, and immediate attention paid to the same. A prospectus of rates and other particulars will be furnished on application to the Company's Agent in this City.
GEORGE WILKS,
7 Calle Mayo.

The Argentine Marine Insurance Company
Established in this City, insure at moderate premiums all risks by sea or on the river.
Office—Calle Reconquista, 83
DIRECTORS.
Sr. Don Tomas Armstrong, President.
" Enrique Ochoa, Vice-President.
" Eduardo Lumb.
" Ambrosio P. Leizaola.
" Enrique Tomkinson.
" Mariano Casares.
" Francisco F. Morero, Gerente.

Guaileguaychu Steam Navigation Co.

PORTS OF THE URUGUAY.

S.S. "ERA."

By special request of the commercial community of this city and the towns on the coast of the River Uruguay, and with the view of facilitating the exchange of correspondence between Buenos Ayres and the above-mentioned ports, the "ERA" will be despatched from Buenos Ayres every Monday at One o'clock in the Afternoon, precisely, on and after Monday, the 1st of August, proximo.
The "ERA" will arrive in Buenos Ayres, on her return from the Uruguay, every Saturday morning.
Notice to Shippers for the Uruguay Ports.

The National S.S. "ERA" will leave Buenos Ayres for the Uruguay every Monday at One o'clock in the Afternoon, precisely, on and after the 1st of August proximo.
Cargo must be put on board the lighters every Saturday.
Parcels will be received at the Agency, Calle Mayo, up to Nine o'clock, and Specie up to Eleven o'clock in the morning of the day of sailing.
J. 21 1 m

Iron Houses.

One or Two-roomed Iron Houses—each room is 14 feet square—cheap, portable, and easily put up.
238 CALLE CERRITO. J. 27 15.

London, Buenos Ayres, and River Plate Bank.

(Limited).
80—CALLE DE LA PIEDAD—80.
Capital—1,000,000 Sterling.
The rates of interest from 1st July, 1884, until further notice, will be as follows, both for Specie and Currency:—
In Account Current.
Allowed ... 6 per cent.
Charged ... 12 " "
Fixed Deposits.
For ninety days ... 7 per cent.
On Deposits subject to thirty days' notice of withdrawal, interest will be allowed at the rate of one per cent. per annum more than the rate for fixed deposits, rising and falling therewith, the Bank notifying any change in the rate by advertisement in the usual papers.
From the 1st July, 1884, till further announcement, the rate for this class of deposits will be 8 per cent. per annum.
J. H. GREEN, Manager.

Royal Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE.
CAPITAL, TWO MILLIONS STERLING.
This important company, in many respects the greatest of its kind in the present age, has appointed an agent in this city. The head-offices are in London and Liverpool with branches in Dublin, Edinburgh, Glasgow, Manchester, Bristol, Birmingham, Sheffield, Leeds, Newcastle, Southampton, Montreal, Toronto, and other cities.
The ROYAL is remarkable for the completeness and liberality of its settlements; for the largest life bonuses (£2 per cent per annum) ever continuously declared during 15 years by any Co.; for the enormous extent of its transactions, having £700,000 in new life assurances for 1883, and a Fire revenue of £360,000 per annum; for its security, which has given rise to the proverb "as safe as the Royal;" for the accumulated funds, in hand, over one million sterling; for its annual income, over half-a-million sterling; and for the correct calculation of its mortality tables. Hence the English press of all countries, including over 90 leading papers, speak in the highest terms of this company.
The report for 1883 shows that "all the property of the Co. amounting to \$510,000 is real and substantial property;" the amount more than one million sterling. The increase, during 14 years, on Fire business was 500 per cent, and on Life 1350 per cent.
Messrs. J. H. GREEN AND CO. are authorized to issue policies for Fire and Life to a very large amount, at moderate premiums, the Co. being anxious to extend its foreign business, which already shows an annual revenue of £200,000. Life claims can be settled without reference to England. For further particulars please apply to
HENRY A. GREEN AND CO., Ship-brokers,
85 CALLE RECONQUISTA.
NORW.—Prospectuses and illuminated Almanacs may be had on application at the Office.
X. J

Steam-boat Agency

And General Commissions,
WILLIAM MATTI & CO.,
80—CANGALLO—39.

FOR MONTEVIDEO.
The National Steamer
CORRIENTES
Will leave every Monday and Friday, and returns every 3 days and Wednesday.

FOR ROSARIO.
Calling at Zarate, Mar del Plata, San Pedro, Obligado, Las Hermanas, and San Nicolas—voyage by the Parana de las Palmas taking Cargo and Passengers—the National Steamer
P. A. F. O. N.
Leaves every Thursday and Sunday at Twelve o'clock Noon, and returns every Wednesday and Saturday.

FOR GUATEMALA.
The National Steamer
D. O. R. O. R. T. A.
Leaves the "Boca de las Nueve Vueltas" every Friday after the arrival of the Parana, and returns every Tuesday, by which the Passengers leave here every Thursday and return every Wednesday.

FOR THE PARANA.
Santa Fe, and returning by the Mail Steamer
ESPIGADO.
Leaves Rosario every Friday, two hours after the arrival of the Parana, and returns every Tuesday in time to land over Passengers' luggage to the Parana, who leaves for Buenos Ayres.

FOR CORRIENTES.
Calling at Parana, La Paz, Casilla de la Zepina, Casilla de Goya, Bella Vista, and Empeyado—the British Steamer
ESMERALDA.
Leaves Rosario in combination with the Parana, on Tuesday, August 16th, and returns on Friday, 20th August.

FARES.			
	Tats.		Pats
Montevideo (cabin).....	8	Santa Fe, do.).....	24
Zarate, do.....	4	Parana, do.).....	32
San Pedro, do.....	4	La Paz, do.....	32
Obligado, do.....	8	La Esquina, do.....	32
San Nicolas, do.....	12	Goya, do.....	40
Guaileguaychu, do.....	16	Bella Vista, do.....	40
Rosario, do.....	16	Empeyado, do.....	48
San Lorenzo, do.....	16	Corrientes, do.....	52
Diamante, do.....	20		
Deck Half Price.			

FREIGHTS.		
	Dols.	
Montevideo, per ton ..	4	Parana
Rosario	6	La Paz
San Nicolas	6	Bella Vista
Corrientes	12	La Esquina
The Uruguay Ports	10	Goya

FOR CUYABA.
Calling at San Nicolas, Rosario, Parana, Corrientes, Asuncion, and other Brazilian ports, the Brazilian Steamer
MARQUESE DE OLINDA.
Captain Hipolito de S. B. Pimentel, leaves on 15th Sept.

San Nicolas.....	16	Corrientes.....	60
Rosario.....	20	Asuncion.....	80
Parana.....	28	Columbia.....	132

No passengers allowed on any of the steamers without tickets.

All Parties interested for passage money to the above-mentioned ships are requested to call at my Office and pay their passage, within two months from this date, otherwise a special order will be given by Government to the different Justices of Peace to remit into Buenos Ayres all defaulters.
G. WILKS,
No. 7 Calle Mayo.



American Dentist.
Dr. N. O. CORNWALL.
Calle Rivadavia, 275.
ARTIFICIAL TEETH
Inserted in the neatest and in approved manner, so as to have a beautiful life-like appearance, cause no irritation in the mouth, and are all in perfect health and radically cured. Teeth filled with gold or metal cement, so as to last for years or for life. Teeth cleaned of tartar and roots extracted, and all operations performed with the least possible pain.

Dr. P. Bourse,

SURGEON DENTIST.
OF NEW YORK.
Has removed his Office to the New Building, No. 200 CALLE DE LA PIEDAD. The beautiful suit of rooms are fitted up in the most modern style, adopting great facilities for dental operations, combining excellent light with facilities for privacy and comfort. He has recently received an addition of the most modern and approved instruments with monthly information by each European Packet of the latest and most important improvements in Dental Science. Also, by the latest improved gas fixtures, can always afford relief to those suffering from toothache, at night as well as in the daytime.
Montevideo, May 8, 1884.

New Work on the Argentine Republic.

In the Press and will shortly be Published, in one volume, crown octavo, with Maps, Illustrations, Appendixes, and Statistical Tables.
BUENOS AYRES, AND ARGENTINE GLEANINGS.
With Extracts from Diary of Salado Expedition, 1862 and 1873
By THOMAS J. HUTCHINSON, F.R.G.S., &c. &c.,
H.M. Consul for Rosario;
Author of "New Illustrations of the Argentine Republic," "Impressions of Western Argentina," "Ten Years' Wanderings amongst the Ethiopians," &c. &c.
London: Edward Stanford, 6 Charing Cross, S.W.
Ordnance Publisher, Geographical Establishment, and London School Library.
And at the "Standard" Office, Buenos Ayres, where orders for the work will be received.

This Work is to be illustrated with three Maps, one of them being Dr. Bumsister's Chart of the Argentine Republic, on which the author's journeying is traced by John Coghlan, Esq., &c. It has besides a number of pictorial illustrations—statistical tables of the commerce of Buenos Ayres and Rosario from A.D. 1800 to A.D. 1880—records of the progress and present condition of education in Buenos Ayres—topographical descriptions of our principal public buildings—synopsis of Land Laws in Buenos Ayres as well as in Santa Fe—tables of outlay and profit in sheep-farming—tables of commerce between the Rio de la Plata and the interior provinces—sketches of the habits and customs of the Gauchos—illustrations of life in the upper provinces—historical, ethnological, and geographical aspects of the Salado Valley, the Grand Chaco, the provinces of Santa Fe, Santiago del Estero, Tucuman, and Corrientes—description of Mendoza and Salta—performance—with an account of the progress of Cotton cultivation, colonization, immigration, railways, and river navigation.

British Hotel,

90—PIEDAD—99.
Monthly Board, Five Hundred Dollars.
Breakfast from Half-past Seven till Twelve o'clock.
Dinner from Four to seven.
Tea and Supper, either warm or cold, from Eight to Twelve at night.
Game and Poultry are always to be found ready within ten minutes when called for.
Dinner supplied to any part of the town at moderate prices.
J. 22 4 p.



Rams—Rams—Rams.

The undersigned, in calling attention to his large and superior stock of Rams and Breeding Sheep, begs to inform his Friends in the Camp that he has on hand a splendid collection of animals, from three hundred to five thousand Dollars, and is confident that each in its class will compete with anything in the province.
In the "Ramboodle" type will be found some fine specimens of the pure blood, besides crossings from the "fine Merino," a "Crab" remarkable for compact shape and close heavy wool.
In addition to the above he wishes to draw special attention to his celebrated Argentine breed, between the "Ramboodle" and "Crab" type, and which, after seven years' experience, he fully recommends as being the best for the purpose of length and weight of wool—quickness of growth, and the fact of the experienced sheep-farmers, who have been given so much satisfaction to those who have already purchased of this class. In buying the above in half-trousers, and pure blood, already domesticated, there is an immense advantage as Rams raised in this country are not so delicate and without the want of better than imported animals, besides being sold much cheaper, and only requiring ordinary care.
He can likewise supply the above classes in Ewes, either pure or by the hundred, and wishes to remark that all have been in prime condition throughout the past summer.
Santa Catalina, July 1, 1884.
N.B.—Santa Catalina is situated five leagues south of Buenos Ayres, seven leagues from Moreno, fifteen from Lujan, and eight from Campana; or application can also be made at La Piedad, or San Rafael.
PATRICK MOOREY.

Waggons.

For moving chattels, receiving commissions of all kind of moving, and other business, call on the undersigned at No. 275, or at Fabric de Carriages, Calle Rivadavia, Nos. 132 and 134.
Guaileguaychu Steam Navigation Company.
Parts of the Uruguay.
"ERA."

This beautiful new Steamer will leave this for the above Port every Monday at One o'clock in the afternoon.
This is a most desirable convenience for persons going to Guaileguaychu, who are landed there without the inconvenience of being transhipped to other vessels in Fray Bentos.

Fares.	Cabin.	Superior.
Higueritas ...	6	3
Fray Bentos ...	8	4
Guaileguaychu ...	10	5
Concepcion ...	12	6
Paysandu ...	14	7
Concepcion ...	18	9
Salto ...	18	9

Parcels will be received at the Agency, 1 Calle Mayo, up to Nine o'clock, and Specie up to Eleven o'clock in the morning of the day of sailing.
For further particulars apply at the Agency, Calle Mayo, No. 1.
HENRY DOWSE.

Argentine Diligences

180 CALLE RIVADAVIA, 180.
Leaves for P. N. Capilla del Senor, 8th, 10th, and 20th of each month.
Leaves for P. N. Capilla del Senor, 10th, 12th, 14th, 16th, 18th, 20th, 22nd, and 24th of each month.
Leaves for P. N. Capilla del Senor, 10th, 12th, 14th, 16th, 18th, 20th, 22nd, and 24th of each month.
Price of Passage and Luggage per An.
To P. N. ... 10 dolrs. ... 10 dolrs.
To Capilla del Senor ... 20 " ... 20 "
To San Antonio de Arica ... 20 " ... 20 "
To Atacama ... 20 " ... 20 "
Conductors and Drivers.
PAUL and ROMULO DIAZ.

British Steamer "FAIRY,"

This fine, fast-sailing, beautiful Steamer will have this for the Ports of the Uruguay every TUESDAY, at Twelve a.m., and every SATURDAY, at Half-past Four in the Afternoon.
FOR MONTEVIDEO.
TARIFA.
Pais.
Montevideo ... 3
Martin Garcia ... 4
Higueritas ... 6
Fray Bentos ... 8
Concepcion del Uruguay ... 10
Rosario ... 12
Paysandu ... 14
Concepcion, Salto ... 18
Metallic—Gold, 1 per cent.; silver, 1 per cent.
Freights—10 pias. per ton of 40 feet, or 10 arrobes.
No Passengers allowed on board without their corresponding ticket from the Agency; otherwise they will have to pay one passenger extra.
Parcels received in the Agency up to Eleven o'clock the day previous to leaving, and Specie up to Eleven o'clock the day of sailing.
Agency Calle Mayo, No. 1.
HENRY DOWSE.

FOREIGN AMATEUR RACES.

SPRING MEETING, NOV. 1, 1884.
Trial Stakes—Entry, Three Hundred Dollars, with Three Thousand Dollars added. Weight, 140lb. Once round.
Second Race, 12 p.m.
Amateur Stakes—Entry, Four Hundred Dollars, with Five Thousand Dollars added. Weight, 140lb. Half round.
Third Race, 14 p.m.
Buenos Ayres Stakes—Entry, Four Hundred Dollars, with Five Thousand Dollars added. Weight, 140lb. One and a half round.
Fourth Race, 3 p.m.
Ladies' Purse—Entry, Five Hundred Dollars, with Seven Thousand Dollars added. For horses that have never run at any previous public meeting. Weight, 110lb. Once round.
Fifth Race, 3 p.m.
Challenge Stakes—Entry, Four Hundred Dollars, with Six Thousand Dollars added. Weight, 140lb. Two rounds.
Sixth Race, 11 p.m.
Committee Purse—Entry, Four Hundred Dollars, with Five Thousand Dollars added. Weight, 140lb. Once round.
Seventh Race, 5 p.m.
Consolation Stakes (for beaten horses of the day)—Entry, Two Hundred Dollars, with Three Thousand Dollars added. Catch weights. Once round.
Cuts and fills under 3 years allowed 10 lbs. March 7. do. Winners at any public meeting of the stakes in which they are entered to carry 5lb extra; if winners of more than one, 10lb extra. Horses may be run with or without plates, at the option of owners. Any rider presented by a Member or Owner, and approved of by the Committee, shall be admissible, on depositing Five Hundred Dollars as a deposit for honest riding, which amount to be forfeited in case of a conviction.
Complete English Jockey Costume, consisting of jacket, breeches, and top boots, to be strictly adhered to; and only English saddles containing the corresponding tree and gullet-plate to be used.
The printed rules of the New Market Jockey Club to be strictly observed, so far as practicable, in the opinion of the Committee.
8 minutes' amount of entries, names, marks and colors of horses, colors of riders, to be made on or before the 15th October next, sealed, and delivered at Calle 25 de Mayo, No. 7.
N.B.—Half forfeit allowed if declared on or before the 25th October, 1884.

NOTICE.

We beg to advise the Public, and our Friends in particular, that we have been appointed sole agents for Messrs. Barry & Walker, 97 Calle Defensa, (over.)
"We have appointed Messrs. Barry and Walker sole Agents for the sale of our Port in Buenos Ayres, and in 2 (Signed) "ARMSTRONG, SOY, & CO."

Important to Sheep Farmers.

The undersigned begs to notify all Persons interested in wool-growing, that he has just received a fresh supply of that celebrated and popular remedy, the SOUTH DOWNS SHEEP WASH, the only safe and effective cure for the Scab in Sheep ever used in this country.
The immense demand for this article last year by all the principal English, Scotch, and foreign, is sufficient recommendation of its efficacy.
The exportation from the United States to Australia alone amounted last year to twenty-five thousand pounds.
No true Sheep Farmer will be without this important remedy, which will ensure him long and full success.
For sale, wholesale and retail, at the General Agency, Messrs. Barry and Walker, No. 97 Calle Defensa.
CHAS. S. BOWERS, Sole Agent.

Ramon Miguel

Has the honor to inform the Irish residents of Salto and neighboring districts that he has opened a House of Business in the Posta of his name, on the estancia Yrta, where he will keep a constant supply of Goods including Drapery and Groceries.
Being "Standard" Agent for the district, he will pay every attention to any commission entrusted to him.
14130
RAMON MIGUEL.

AUCTION SALE.

THE REMEDIOS ESTANCIA will be sold at Auction at Thomas Gowland's rooms on the 31st inst., at 12 o'clock. It will be divided in two lots:
1st. The principal Estancia of 2,343 cuadras, its houses, fences, corrales, montes, galpones, etc.
2d. The Southern portion of the land known as the Ramboillet department, containing 527 cuadras of land and all the premises, fences, corrales, alfalfares, etc., etc. Plans can be had at the auctioneer's as also printed catalogues showing all the particulars.
1m, A10, w&d

Jameson's Real old Dublin Whiskey.

5 years old and bottled off sherry casks
Hibernian House,
64, 66 and 68 PIEDAD.
a 10, 6 p

JUST OPENED.

A Cask of the beautiful Burton Ale of Ind Coopers and Co's.
For Sale at the Conditaria
No. 21 RIVADAVIA.
a 7, 3 p

A Good English Cook

Will accept a situation with an English family.
Calle Reconquista 44
a 10, 3 p

COTTON GINS.

NEWLY IMPROVED, can be worked by hand, consequently better adapted to the present wants of cotton growers in this country.
On Sale at
T. B. COFFIN, SON AND CO.,
Esmeralda 85 and 87.
a 8, 9 p

15 PER CENT REDUCTION

In the splendid assortment of ready made Clothing for Men and Children at 213 and 217 Calle Cuyo, 'Sastreria del Capricho.' The owner of this establishment wishing to retire from business proposes to sell off at the above great reduction.
a 8, 6 o

FOR ANTWERP.

The ISTRIA will be despatched for the above port in a few days, and can accommodate a few cabin passengers. Term, £30 (without wines)
Apply to Captain Tavernier, 194 Parque, or to Messrs. H. A. Green and Co., 85 Reconquista.
a 9, 9 p

Housemaid and Female Cook

Wanted. Calle Chile 273.
a 10, 3 p

Eine gute Koechoinn wird fir eine deutsche familie gesucht. Nchere Auskunft wird ertheilt. Calle Chacabuco 142.
a 10, 3 p

Cork Butter—First Brand.

M'Cann's Oatmeal.
Sinclair's Hams.
Cheshire Cheese.
HIBERNIAN HOUSE,
64, 66 and 68 PIEDAD.
a 10, 3 p

ENGLISH THEATRICALS.

On Tuesday evening, 16th inst., at the ARGENTINE THEATRE, will be performed the Comedy,
A BACHELOR OF ARTS.

After which the Tentonia and British Glee Clubs will sing the celebrated SOLDIERS' CHORUS.

From the Opera or Faust, by Gounod.

To be followed by the Farce TICKLISH TIMES.

The performances will be by Amateurs. No sale of tickets will be made at the door, and those sold will not be transferable.

Tickets for Dress Circle, Pit, and Cazuela may be had on application to G. Perry, No. 11 Hotel de la Paix; W. H. Moores, No. 120 Calle Piedad; Wilson Jacobs, No. 65 Calle San Martin.

The amount received will be sent to the United States Sanitary Commission.

The Performances will commence at Eight p.m.

Auction by C. Ristorini.

GREAT MILL OF THE WEST

Situate in the Plaza Once de Setiembre, Calle Cangallo, opposite to the Western Railway Station goods-store now building.
On Friday 12th inst at 1 p.m. precisely will be sold to the highest bidder, and on terms to be then laid down, the above splendid establishment.
The Mill covers 47 yards frontage with 150 in depth. The first cost of this valuable edifice exceeded five millions dollars currency. Nevertheless the shareholders have resolved to sell it for whatever it will fetch.
Afterwards will be sold the following:
500 large canvass sacks for corn.
An American weighing machine, which can weigh up to 2000 lbs.
A new cedar glass-door: two windows with iron bars.
Two ladders, and several other articles.
Also fine jardiniere carriage to hold eight persons, drawn by one or two horses: it may serve for an omnibus.

British Library Lectures.

The second of the course of Lectures will be delivered by the Rev. James Smith in the Reading Room on Friday Evening, 12th inst., at 8 o'clock. Admission free.
M. FORRESTER.

Mr. JOHN SCALLAN,

Late of Ballytrent, a letter awaits in this office, from your brother Michael Scallan, lately arrived in this country.

Subscription to the "Standard"
\$30 PER MONTH.
ADVERTISEMENTS
Not exceeding five lines inserted three
times for \$5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.
No notice can be taken of anonymous com-
munications. What is intended for
insertion must be authenticated by the
name and address of the writer; not
necessary for publication, but as a
guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"All talsi andeam nil veri non andeam
dicere."—Cicero.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 12, 1864.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The legal farce of scrutinising the
illegal conduct of the authorities of San
Nicolas in allowing five prisoners to
escape from the public prison in that
town will come off to-day in the Cabildo.
As a matter of course it will end in
nothing.

The game of 'sortija' has become so
intensely popular that a gentleman en-
joying the name of Boogie has opened
an establishment at the Hueco de los
Sauces, and on Sundays and holidays
this gaucho game can be witnessed by
all who choose to buy tickets.

In the list of lawsuits about to be
tried we are sorry to see that our coun-
trymen are in court: on to-morrow the
important suit of O'Donnell versus
Bogan will be tried, the question at
issue being the title to some camp.

On the 5th, 6th, and 7th of next
month beneath the galleries of the
Cabildo will be sold, by order of the
court, a lot of cows, sheep and horses.
As there is a probability of their going
cheap we advise our friends to be on
the look out.

The arrival of ready made soldiers
from France is steadily augmenting:
within the last few days some fifty or
sixty Frenchmen, sent out by Señor
Calvare, arrived for the national army.
Owing to the present military system
we think this is useless expense.

Doctor Furst has been brought before
the public by some anonymous writer
who complains that he refused to attend
a sick child when called upon. We
think that the doctor in question should
have been the first to attend the call
and the last to have refused.

A complaint has been sent to us re-
specting the bellicose character of one of
President Mitre's hostlers, the particu-
lars of the case are as follows:—A
milkman, of the name of Ledesma, re-
turning home the other day after dis-
posing of his milk, was invited by the
servant of the President, who is stop-
ping in Maldonado minding his horses,
to get down in a pulperia in that locality
and play a game of cards; accepting
the invitation, they entered the tras-
tienda and played away until the ser-
vant of his Excellency lost every real
he had; as a matter of course when the
milkman attempted to retire with his
gains a fight ensued; the ruffian soldier
drew his sword and cut the unfortunate
milkman in the most frightful manner.
We have not heard if the soldier has
been arrested or not.

It is lamentable to see that the Go-
vernment still persists in drafting the
prisoners which arrive from the camp
into the army: within the last few days
fifteen vagabonds have been made sol-
diers of the line.

An attempt has been made to obtain
from Government a subsidy for the
translation of Kent's Commentaries.
President Mitre ought to be alive to the
injustice of sanctioning such a step;
these commentaries are as much the
property of the present Judge Kent of
New York, the surviving son of the
talented commentator, as is the Life of
Belgrano of Bartholemew Mitre. On
behalf of one whose acquaintance we
had the happiness to enjoy, we may be
permitted to say that President Mitre
should be the last man to lend himself
to so monstrous a literary robbery.

Our country friends will be glad to
hear that the Provincial Government
of Buenos Ayres is organizing a camp
police force—it is not before it was
badly wanted.

The latest news we can give our
readers respecting Mr. Wells and his
balloon is, that he is getting up a lottery
for the sum of a hundred thousand dol-
lars. We believe the Municipality is
not over friendly to the proposition, but
we hope it will be plied.

We perceive that a man named John
Brown is called to appear by the Judges
to answer a charge for cutting and
wounding Henry Latigue and Augus-
tus Sorlet. It is rather improbable
Mr. Brown will respond to the invita-
tion.

The heirs of Mr. James Wallace are
called upon to appear, and make good
their claims, at the office of Don Julio
Mendez.

Messrs. Balbin & Plowes will shortly
sell by auction a magnificent estate in
one of the provinces. As these gentle-
men never advertise their auctions in
this paper, they are much indebted to
our great supply of the milk of human
kindness in notifying the few persons
who can or will invest in such property,
of the event.

A subscriber from Salto informs us
that the camps in that partido are in
the most excellent condition, and that
a new church is about being built in
that little town, all the foreigners in
that neighborhood having subscribed
most munificently.

Our readers will hardly credit that
the transportation of wheat from Cor-
doba and Santa Fé to the partido of
Luxan actually costs less than from
Chivilcoy, and in proof thereof the mil-
lars of Luxan are at present buying
Cordovese wheat in the Boca and send-
ing it by rail to that partido.

Another diligence came to grief on
Wednesday morning just as it was
leaving town. The wheels came off
and as a matter of course down came
the bus. The cries of the passengers,
the kicking of the horses, and the
shouting of the peons startled the
whole neighborhood. A few bruises
was the extent of the accident. The
cargo on the roof would have filled
two capacious bullock-carts.

Montevideo.

The envoy Saravia, not finding the
Government disposed to make satis-
faction for the Brazilian claims, was
on the point of leaving Montevideo,
probably to carry out the menace of
reprisals, when President Aguirre re-
quested him to delay his departure: it
is said he gave but one day for de-
liberation, and that probably the Go-
vernment would yield to his demands.

A change in the Ministry of War
was caused by the resignation of
General Lanas, and General Andres
Gomez, a personal enemy of Flores,
was appointed as successor. General
Servando Gomez was said to be named
to take command of the army, in room
of Lucas Moreno, who seems to have
been dismissed: the former was to
leave for headquarters on Wednesday,
attended by Colonel Aparicio. We do
not hear what became of Sr. Oribe,
Chief of Police at Colonia, who was
sent to the capital in irons. Colonel
Piris had orders to proceed to the
country. The officers shot by Flores
after the surrender of Florida were:
Major Parraga, Captain Sotelo, Lieuten-
ants Hinchaurbe, Ibarra, Bosh, Cas-
tillo, and Silva: it was rumored that
an English officer, commanding the
artillery, had also fallen a victim. It
seems Flores was enraged at the loss of
his son, killed in one of the three
charges sustained by the garrison be-
fore its fall.

A decree dated 9th inst. complains
of the apathy and reluctance displayed
by the National Guard in doing garrison
duty in the capital, and orders all citi-
zens, under pain of arrest, who may not
be enrolled to present themselves,
within 48 hours, at the Comandancia.

The Brazilian war-steamer, Parana-
hiba arrived from Rio, and three others,
the Marin, Recife and Itajay were to
follow, so that the Imperial navy in
Montevideo would present a formidable
force.

The Russian frigate Alma left Rio to
join the Varig at Montevideo en route
for the Pacific, but was obliged to put
back in a damaged state owing to a
heavy gale she encountered.

The Spanish corvette 'Vencedora' is
said to have received orders to proceed
to the Chinchas, in reinforcement of
Admiral Pinzon.

Letters from Mercedes 7th inst report
some forged one-dollar notes of the
Banco Comercial in circulation. Colonel
Olivera reviewed the garrison, which
suffered much from the cold. Maximo
Perez continued carrying of men and
cattle, for Flores's headquarters. A
sergeant of the rebels, named Carlos
Medina, entered Soriano, and was seized
by the police and lodged in prison.

The funeral of the second engineer,
Mr. Eshgriff, of the Russian frigate,
took place on Monday, and was at-
tended by the crew and a number of
citizens. On Tuesday died Mr. Joseph
Coello, father-in-law to our respected
foreign resident, Mr. Richard O'Shea:
deceased was an Englishman, aged six-
ty-five years. The proprietor of a Cafe
Chantant at Rio is expected shortly,
being about to open a similar estab-
lishment in Montevideo. The new
Opera Company has received music
from Buenos Ayres, and will make its
debut on the 11th. The British gun-
boat Dotterell received some slight da-
mage in the recent gale: it is thought
she is gone down to Maldonado.

The "Pais" states that when Col.
Aparicio prepared to set out for the

camp, a number of citizens requested
permission to join him as volunteers,
against Flores.

THE ORIENTAL WAR.

Assault of Durazno.

Storming of Florida

CAPTURE OF TACUAREMBO

Advices from Porongos inform us
that the rebels, under Moyano, made an
attack on Durazno which was defended
by Col. Pizarro, and the garrison fought
with great bravery, the fate of the town
not being decided up to latest dates
(6th inst): the assailants had suffered
heavily. At the same time another
column under Perez and Valiente await-
ed reinforcement to make a descent on
Porongos, but the garrison was deter-
mined to give the filibusters a warm
reception.

The latest news from Rio Negro (5th
inst) reports Mercedes strongly garris-
oned, and Major Larravide was making
entrenchments to defend Fray Bentos
in case the Colorados attempted to sur-
prise that place.

General Moreno's despatch relating
the fall of Florida treats that reverse as
a subject of glory for the Government
armies, and of disgrace for Flores. The
garrison was composed of 51 National
Guards, 17 policemen, and 12 pension-
ers: the Florida infantry batt. and Nat-
ional cavalry were absent on camp
service. General Flores attacked the
town with 800 horse and foot, on the
4th inst. Major Parraga made a gallant
defence for several hours, killing 11
officers and several soldiers of the
enemy: among the former were Colo-
nel Faustino Lopez and Venancio Flores
(son to the General), besides 50 wound-
ed. At length the garrison being
nearly all killed, Major Parraga surren-
dered, and Flores caused him and three
other officers to whom quarter had been
given, to be at once shot. Faustino
Lopez's son, instead of demanding ven-
geance for his father, generously inter-
ceded for one of the officers and saved
his life. The rebels commenced to sack
the town, and great enormities were
perpetrated: two women were killed
and several children wounded, and a
shop belonging to Sor Prieto was burnt
down because the garrison had planted
a battery on the azotea. It is not true
that young Flores was murdered after
the fight, but the rebels accuse Parraga
of having shot an officer bearing a flag
of truce.

Colonel Orrego's despatch, 31st inst.,
gives a full account of the capture of
Tacuarembó. That town was held by
a band of Colorados, who occupied the
plaza and the adjoining azotea-roofs.
At 2 p.m. the troops were led on to the
attack in five columns; Capt. Benavi-
des commanding the left, Lieut. Bilela
the right, Lieut. Arevalo by the Calle
Real, Capt. Senociano by the Gefatura,
and Orrego and staff by the Coman-
dancia. The advancing bodies were met
on all sides by a sharp musketry fire
from the barricades. Arevalo succeed-
ed in forcing his way into the plaza,
but was unable to hold his ground, un-
aided, and was compelled to retreat, his
horse being killed under him. Capt.
Benavides fired in like manner, having
two horses killed, but neither of these
columns lost a single man in the fight.
The infantry under Senociano pushed
on valiantly and drove the enemy from
their position behind the Azumbuya
barricade, after which all the other de-
fences were easily reduced, except that
of Chucarro and the Police-barrack, in
which the rebels were strongly barri-
caded. Senociano, with his infantry,
held his ground till 6:30 p.m., under a
raking fire from the above positions,
which seemed impregnable. He pulled
down the Colorado flag from the Com-
andancia, and having received orders
from Orrego to retire, he drew off his
men in order, leaving ten of the en-
emy killed, and several wounded. The
storming forces had none killed,
and but one soldier badly wounded.
The commander speaks in high terms
of the valor of his men, and the bril-
liancy of the exploit, although it will
be seen that the rebels remained mas-
ters of the place.

Rebels levying contributions

The 'Reforma' mentions the capture
of some correspondence found on Capt.
Virgilio who was killed by the Govern-
ment pickets of the Salto garrison. A
letter from (rebel) Colonel Castro dated
Tacuarembó 29th July, to Colonel Ro-
driguez states that it is intended to
make an attack on Salto and Paysandu.
Colonel Ylla was despatched to the
former district to make arrangements,
and Colonel Santana was to co-operate.
The rebels had named D. Mateo Tula
to levy the property tax off all farmers
North of Rio Negro, and the present
was to request Rodriguez to lend him
any aid he might require in enforcing
payment. The writers lament that the

liberators are very hard up, and this
is the only means to replenish Flores's
exchequer. D. Julio Barrios was in
like manner commissioned to collect in
the district of Salto. Virgilio was also
bearer of 50 uniforms and 8 dollars,
besides some boots for Rodriguez's
friends.

Another letter was from Colonel
Santana begging for two companies
wherewith to make a descent on the
estancias near Salto, and complaining
that some one had stolen all his horses.

A third, signed J. H. de Gordines,
and dated Tacuarembó 19th July an-
nounces the arrival of three spies from
Salto who report that garrison only
120 strong and quite demoralized. The
writer advises Colonel Rodriguez to join
Colonel Ylla and attack that town which
can make no defence, and then he (Rod-
riguez) might gain the rank of General
from Flores.

Montevideo, Aug. 1864.

In my last I gave you intelligence
prematurely of the death of General
Antonio Diaz, which I heard from
many respectable persons, but it ap-
pears untrue, though he has been de-
clining ever since. This place has
been always noted for getting up re-
ports about one thing and another,
which eventually cause people to place
little confidence in what one hears. To
get up a false report of the death of
a person, is too bad and shameful in the
extreme, but there are people capable
of almost any act, however it may wound
one's feelings.

Yesterday one of our oldest and most
respectable ship-chandlers of this city
departed for another world, after a long
and painful illness. Mr. Joseph Ocelho
in the 65th year of his age, leaving a
large family. He was a native of Chi-
braltar, but for many years a resident
of this place. His principal patronage
was from the American Naval vessels
stationed here, but of late years there
being few or none on this station, his
business has been much reduced, and
his family left poor. He was a truly
honest man in all his dealing, and had
many friends who deeply sympathise
with his afflicted wife and family. The
officer who was buried from the Rus-
sian frigate 'Varmae,' a few days since
was killed while shipping the ladder
alongside the ship, his head being horri-
bly crushed.

The other Russian frigate 'Alma'
which has been expected for some time
to join this one on their way to the
Pacific, sailed for this port, but was
obliged to return to the same port again
in distress. Captain Hanham of the
English yacht has not yet sailed; his
vessel is anchored outside the Port. The
Russian Commander has offered him a
tow through the straits of Magellan
for political news I must refer you to
the newspapers which you will find in-
teresting.

AMERICUS.

The Rio Quinto, Cordoba.

By MARTIN DE MOUSSY.

It will be interesting to know some-
thing about the territory marked out
for the Irish colonial project, and no
authority can be more reliable than the
distinguished writer above-named,
whose work, published a couple of
years ago in Paris, has become a text-
book in all River Plate matters. We
quote from Vol. I., page 157, as fol-
lows:—

"The Rio Quinto is formed by the
waters descending from the heights of
Pancanta, a table-land 6000 feet high,
and from the steep valleys of Carolina
and Cañada Honda, in the mountain
range (sierra) of San Luis. Its first
course is from north to south: on
emerging from the sierra it bends to-
wards east-south-east, and then de-
bouches into an undulating plain, dig-
ging for itself an uneven bend through
masses of pebble-stone, covered with
rich verdure. At the point where it is
crossed by the high road to Mendoza,
it has already become a rapid river,
some 100 yards wide, whose clear,
transparent waters display a bed of
sand and stone mixed with mica, and
having an extraordinarily brilliant ap-
pearance. The land hereabouts is 2200
feet above the level of the sea. Thickly
wooded hills border the Rio Quinto on
either side, forming a narrow valley
which inclines gradually to the south-
east. Three leagues further we meet Fort
San Ignacio, and 24 miles more brings us
to Fort Viejo: both these places are 2000
feet above the sea, but 12 miles from
the latter stands Fort Constitucional
(formerly Las Pulgas) at an elevation
of only 1600 feet. Thus in 48 miles we
find an incline of 600 feet, which ac-
counts for the rapidity of the river.
Passing the last Fort, we enter on an
almost level plain, through which the
Rio Quinto quietly winds its way.

At Paso Lechuzo (the owl's ford),
where a small military post has been

re-established under the name "Fort
3rd of February," the river slowly drags
itself over a sandy bottom into which it
finally sinks and disappears about 20
leagues further on, after a total course
of 300 miles, more or less.

"The swamps and lagunas of Juneal,
in which the Rio Quinto is lost, vary in
extent according to the season. In
wet years, the waters spread out east-
ward into large banados. The valley of
Rio Quinto seems to prolong itself east
south-east as far as Fort Federación,
which is the north-west limit of the Pro-
vince of Buenos Ayres, and in the
neighborhood whereof are found a great
number of small lakes and lagoons; in
the latter have their rise several revu-
lets which ultimately coalesce and form
the Rio Salado of Buenos Ayres.

"In this manner the latter river
seems but a continuation (after an in-
terruption of 30 or 40 leagues) of the
Rio Quinto, and if at a future period a
canal were constructed both might be
united not only for purposes of irriga-
tion, but even for fluvial navigation."

The Buey Traction Engine.

On Tuesday last a preliminary trial
trip of this machine lately brought from
England for Messrs. Pueyrredon, Beare
and Rusinol took place, in the presence
of a large number of expectators anxi-
ous to witness so novel a sight. The
travelling together of the Engine &c. had
only been completed the day before in
a yard alongside the Riachuelo in the
Barracas a suburb about 3 miles from
town. The road to Barracas is one
long unbroken line of loose sand, gen-
erally about 4 a yard deep until near the
town a sudden rise takes place about 4
of a mile in length and a gradient of
about 1 in 10. Having got up steam
about 11 o'clock, away she went with 3
waggons loaded with wheels gear &c.
belonging to the 'Empresarios' making
a gross weight of nearly 12 tons.

To the great surprise of every one
the train proceeded at a regular speed
over the sand and ascended the hill
without the slightest difficulty. Al-
though the Engine was built simply
for running over our pampa roads, the
'Empresarios' wished it a severe trial
by sending it over the awful stone pave-
ment of the calle Buen Orden, in many
places covered with thick mud 9 inches
deep; here unfortunately the fore axle
became disarranged which prevented
further progress for the time. The
result, however, was sufficient to solve
the problem that traction Engines can
be most advantageously employed in
the interior of the Republic. The Na-
tional Government we hear is in every
respect perfectly satisfied with the
new, to us, system of locomotion.

TORO.

Emigration to Bahia Blanca.

We are happy to say that the Muni-
cipality of the above town have at last
gone the right way to work to obtain
immigrants. As there are many who
are willing to avail themselves of the
Municipal offer, we translate and pub-
lish it, although the members of that
distant corporation never thought prop-
er to ask us; still we don't mind that:
our ambition is to serve our country-
men. The following are the terms of-
fered:—

I.—Every immigrant family which
desires to emigrate to Bahia Blanca
shall have a free passage on board any
of the sailing vessels on that line.

II.—On arrival, the Municipality un-
dertakes to support them free of charge
for one month, and to obtain for them
employment.

III.—The Municipality undertakes
to give in fee to each family which ar-
rives, the following land:—one solar of
35 by 75 yards, a quinta two squares
square, or a chaera four squares front
by five deep.

The agent of the Bahia Blanca Mu-
nicipality is a Mr. Candido Ga'van.
Where he resides we cannot say, but
all who think of accepting the above
offer should apply to the Emigration
House in Calle Corrientes.

The New Hand-Book.

Merchants and others who have re-
cently changed their residences or pla-
ces of business, will please send in par-
ticulars at their earliest convenience.

Rumored News from Europe.

Yesterday there was a rush from all
quarters to the Foreign Club, it having
been reported through town that the
popular Manager, Mr. Price, was in
possession of very important letters,
which contained several days' later news
from Europe. After the most ceaseless
efforts on our part to get at the true
version, we discovered that a certain
well-known English merchant had re-
ceived a letter from Montevideo, stating
that the Brazilian steamer which had
arrived yesterday from Rio had brought
most startling news from Europe, to
the effect that the British Parliament
had passed a vote of censure upon the
Ministers. On further inquiry it trans-
pired that an officer on board the "Bom-

day" had communicated this intelligence to a brother officer on board the "Satellite," by letter; that just as the Brazilian steamer was leaving the British packet entered, and that there was no time to send newspapers or further particulars.

It is right to remark that the Brazilian steamer left on the 30th, and the English mail steamer was not due before the 1st or 2d; it seems, therefore, extremely improbable that the news can be authentic, and yet, from the state of things at home at the departure of the last packet, it was by no means improbable that Parliament should adopt this course. The "Mersey" will probably arrive on Sunday, and then we shall be relieved from all doubt.

New Publication.

We hear of a new Argentine book, which will shortly be published at the "Tribuna" or "Nacion Argentina" printing-offices. The title of the work is "Fiambreros;" it will contain all the speeches in Congress since May, 1864, the discourses delivered at the Retiro and in the Colon, on the Peruvian sympathetic question, the cane-bottom chair address of President Mitre, spoken in front of Mr. Geoghegan's Irish hotel, essays by Argentine writers on the abolition of capital punishment, the various projects for the redemption of the paper dollar, presented to the public since the fall of Rosas, official reports from the justices of the peace in the country as to the state of pig-feeding in the camp; Presidential addresses and Governors' speeches since the downfall of the Spanish rule, extracts from the "Standard" as to the inexhaustible richness of the silver mines of San Juan and the future prosperity of Argentine cotton planters, Argentine petitions on various subjects. The volume concludes with a chapter upon the past, present, and future of the "River Plate Magazine," and a few remarks upon River Plate puns. The book will be nicely bound, and, we believe, illustrated by Dodge. Price five of the proposed new paper dollars, i.e. 1½ to an ounce.

Latest from Corrientes.

The city of Corrientes is improving greatly; it is no longer the miserable and forgotten town of an out-of-the-way province, but a thriving capital. A gentleman from Buenos Ayres is about to start a coach establishment, so that the rich and lovely Correntine ladies can go to tertulias and operas a la mode.

The Government expedition across the Gran Chaco to Santiago has terminated well; the engineers are gone down to Buenos Ayres to see the minister; they will shortly return.

Jose Sosa, the fellow who it appears was bribed to murder Colonel Caseres, has been arrested and lodged in prison. It is said that if he succeeded in the attempt he was to receive fifty ounces.

A dramatic company is expected from Rosario, and will shortly perform in the theatre.

The estancieros complain that they can get no purchasers for their cattle, and that the province is altogether too thickly stocked with cattle.

Madame Mollo's Benefit.

Nothing afforded us greater pleasure than to learn yesterday that some friends were unable to purchase a box for to-night's performance. The charming and talented prima-donna merits an ovation from the public, for her arrival in Buenos Ayres, more than a year ago, may be regarded as the revival of the opera in our city. Over 100 times she has enchanted us with her graceful rendering and artistic execution of the *chefs d'œuvre* of Italian composers, and it is but fair, in return, that the playgoers should for once exhibit their full appreciation of her merits, by giving her an enthusiastic benefit-night. Besides the "Ballo en Maschera" we are promised several pretty pieces, as will be seen in the advertising section.

Theatrical Report.

On Tuesday night the French theatre was crowded, to witness the *debut* of Mlle. Blanche Fiorelle, and the new actress drew down thunders of applause: she is very pretty, graceful, and clever, and possesses a sweet soprano voice, though not of great strength. She will certainly prove an invaluable acquisition to the Bouffes, and gain great popularity. Madame Pauline still suffers from a cold. M. D'Hote is without dispute the best actor in Buenos Ayres. The performances were first rate; the names of the pieces do not interest our readers. Yona came off at Colon on Wednesday evening; the house was rather thin, hardly numbering 600 persons. The opera was most successful, the singing being very good, and the scenery as attractive as before.

GOLD SPECULATORS.—The Washington correspondent of the "Cincinnati Gazette" gives the following account of the New York gold market:—"Whether in gold or stocks everything in Wall-street depends upon having the earliest news, and consequently there is not a leading stock-dealing firm in New York that does not have from one to a half dozen correspondents in Washington, charged to spare no pains or expense in furnishing them by telegraph, and generally in cipher, the earliest intelligence of any success or disaster in the field, any important action of the Treasury Department, any rumour of foreign complications—in short, anything likely to affect the hopes or fears of the community, which find their barometer in the wavering of the gold market. These correspondents are generally men supposed to have the confidence of high officials, or access to early despatches; and, for obvious reasons, their engagement is kept as secret as possible. Last summer one New York banking house, in a boastful moment, claimed that it could always have news within an hour after the President had it; and another was said to have numbered among its correspondents the chief of staff of a great army in the field. Of course the services of such men are not enlisted without a 'consideration' proportionate at once to the risks they run in furnishing the desired news, and to the nature and accuracy of the news itself. In general this consideration depends on what is made out of their information. Occasionally one of these correspondents makes a lucky strike—much more often he furnishes news for weeks and months without its having such an effect on the market as to bring him more than the merest dribble of profit. But the chance of 'something brilliant' has its fascinations, and the stock operators have no difficulty in inducing well-informed people to furnish them all the news they get. A bureau of the Government resolves to recommend a tax on a particular article—before the recommendation reaches Congress, certain parties in New York have it, and have bought up all the articles they can get; and when the rise comes they pocket the proceeds. It seems utterly impossible to prevent this. When news of important battles is coming in, Government has sometimes attempted it, but the effort was as idle as it was foolish. A censor has been established at the telegraph office, and he has wisely suppressed every despatch saying a word about the war. But a servant comes in with a hurried scrawl on a torn sheet of delicately scented French paper in a lady's hand:—"George H. Montgomery, Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York. Do come home at once. Mary cannot live 24 hours longer—Laura Montgomery." How can he stop that? But "George H. Montgomery" is a myth; and Mary's illness means Hooker's defeat; and the hotel clerk has been instructed to send any such despatch by the speediest means to somebody's bank down town; and the firm makes the money, and the Government censor keeps blinking like an owl over the despatches, and rigidly stopping everything relating to the war; and Mr. Stanton congratulates himself over having made those newspaper pests send their latest accounts by mail rather than by telegraph! How little sense it takes to ruin a Government, said some man! Once during last summer, a leading newspaper editor got disgusted, and determined that the gold gamblers should not monopolize all the early news. So he went into the cipher business too, but being rather raw at it his first effort was not quite so good as some subsequent ones. He forwarded the cipher to his leading Washington correspondent. Pretty soon the operators in his city, who knew him solely as devoted newspaper man, were astonished at receiving for him this despatch from Washington:—"Have sold for you 15,000 bushels of corn at 35. The market looks squally." His paper announced the next morning that the main body of Lee's army had crossed the Maryland line, and was moving into Pennsylvania; and his chief rival got very mad and complained to the War Department that he was bribing the telegraph company; but it was whispered about among his friends that so-and-so was neglecting his business and going into very rash speculations, and—he changed his cipher."

English Letters

Lying at the General Post-Office, Buenos Ayres, August 1st, 1864.
Roberto Arroz, Wm. R. Brand, R. Brett, David Bruce, J. Ashton Brown, W. Beerman, Michael Borne, W. R. G. Brant, Chas. J. Bury, W. R. Beebe, Capt. Brimer, James Blackall, Taplin J. Corwin, Edward Cole, Mrs. Thomas Craig, John Coleman, J. W. Deslandes, L. & F. Dillon, Mrs. Douthat (2), Gerald Dillon, Fred P. Dyer (2), John H. Faw-

cett, James Gaynor, A. J. Gibbon, John Gell, M. Gladstone, Henrico Hamann, Frank Humphrey, James Harrison, Samuel Johnson (2), Juan Koch, Hugh Kelly, C. A. King, T. Welles Morrell (2), Joseph Miller, Allan McKenzie, John A. Murphy, Wm. B. McLellan, Martin Marcell, Michael Murray, J. Mitchell, Nevil B. Mortimer (2), Thos. McMurchie, W. M. McLeigh, James Molair, O. Nasworthy, Tomas P. Oliden, Agustin Oberti, Agustin Pavía, Otto Rehse, David Reid (2), F. W. Rickel, Pepita Sala, Manuel Lomboraiy, Henry Sarjent, E. O. Sargent, Wm. Stewart, A. R. F. Smith, Samuel Smith, Smith Brothers, J. C. Taplin, J. B. Troutbeck, James Trimble, F. J. Van Blarcom, A. Wucherer, Matthew Wardrop, Edward Welsh, Mathias A. Warleto, I. Y. Ingouville.

LOCAL EVENTS.

Revista de B. Ayres.—We will review this interesting magazine to-morrow.

The Mercury.—We may expect the English mails on Sunday morning.

Holiday.—Monday, being the feast of the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin, will be a strict church holiday.

To the Tribuna.—Our colleague is always talking about Cesar's wife, and giving to Cesar what belongs to him, and so forth. But the attempt in Sunday's paper to palm off our invention, "Editor's Table," as his own, is not exactly fair. All the papers in the River Plate will soon have this chapter, and acknowledge they borrow a wrinkle from the *Standard*.

On 'Change.

August 11, 1864.

Paper price of ounces, 4544.

Sovereigns, 139.

To-day was a rather exciting day on 'Change. The Bolsa was feverish in the extreme, and at the opening patacons exhibited a little more firmness than on yesterday, but it was transitory, and towards two o'clock the market could not be weaker.

Patacons had five prices to-day.

First price	28 40
Second	28 45
Third	28 40
Fourth	28 35
Fifth	28 40

Cash sales 36,908.

TIME SALES.

For Thursday,	2,000	28 40
Friday,	4,000	28 35
Saturday,	34,220	28 35
Oct. 15,	10,000	28 30
Do. 31,	10,000	28 30
Sept. 30,	2,000	28 35
Oct. 31,	2,000	28 30
Sept. 5,	24,000	28 35
Aug. 20,	4,600	20 40
Sept. 30,	15,000	28 35
Oct. 15,	15,000	do.
Do. 31,	30,000	do.
Sept. 15,	2,000	28 40
Sept. 30,	4,000	28 30
Oct. 31,	6,000	28 30
Sept. 30,	8,000	do.
March 31,	4,000	do.
Sept. 30,	6,000	28 30
Do. do,	6,000	do.
Oct. 31,	2,000	do.
Nov. 30,	2,000	do.
Do. 8,	16,000	do.
Oct. 31,	4,000	28 25
Aug. 20,	3,200	28 25
Oct. 31,	2,000	28 35
Sept. 30,	10,000	28 30

Total sales, 356,998.

Brokerage, \$108.

The news on 'change to-day was as follows:

NOTES.

The sad state of the Banda Oriental. The capture of Durazno with horrible slaughter.

The advance of the Brazilians.

The change of Ministry in the Mount.

The article in the "Nacion Argentina" denying that the Governments were agreed as to the projected loan.

The steamer "25 de Mayo" ordered to Martin Garcia, and the whole Argentine fleet to be got in readiness.

The news from Europe.

The number of bills drawn on Europe for the packet, and the great demand for specie.

BEARS.

The combination of the Germans to drive down gold.

The resolution of the English not to sell any more goods in specie.

The probable arrival of half a million sterling in the packet for some of the banks.

The determination of Mitre, Saavedra, Gonzalez, and Dominguez to regulate the paper dollar.

The weather getting so fine that shearing might probably begin next week, and consequently a frightful rush for paper dollars.

The great surplus of gold in the private banks, which the managers cannot employ, as paper is only in demand.

The moral certainty that the balance of trade will be with us at last, owing to the enormous stock of jerked beef

in the River Plate, over a million of quintals.

The general disposition of every man to help the paper dollar. National Government determined to burn nothing at present, but ninety millions VERY SHORTLY.

The news from Europe.

There were no charters to-day, and nearly all the shipbrokers were very properly absent from the Hall. The Bolsa King still keeps selling on time and for cash.

It was said by an English gentleman, when standing at the speculation rail of the Bolsa, the other day, that any man with twenty thousand pounds sterling in ready cash, can command the price of specie, or the value of the paper dollar at will. We believe he spoke correctly. Deluded Argentines attribute the present fall in patacons to the wisdom of our Finance Minister and the approach of shearing; but experienced men are not to be deceived, they believe that the twenty thousand pound men are at work with the market, and that the present fall is a speculative depreciation. There is a story told in New York of a certain mining stock, which owing to the absence of ore, had depreciated something on the scale of the Buenos Ayres paper dollar: the stock had fallen from 100 patacons down to 2 patacons per share, and even at that price there were hundreds of sellers, but no buyers. One fine day George Law, a well known capitalist, went on 'Change, and ordered his broker to buy up all the shares of this wild cat mining company. He bought on time, and for cash; and such was the anxiety of the brokers to make contracts for sales on time, that they contracted to sell more shares than really existed. As a matter of course the shares ran up, and in less than a week they touched par. People who were acquainted with George Law, knew that he would be the last man to invest in such a security, if it was not sound. Rumours got afloat that there was more in the mines than what most persons imagined: the shares were bought up by the keenest brokers on 'Change, Jacob Little and Co., and, as a matter of course, all the small brokers followed suit. But the game was soon played out; George Law had been selling at and above par, what he had bought at 90 per cent. discount, and down came the stock to zero: he netted by the transaction close on a quarter of a million of patacons. People who dabble in Bolsa speculations, should ask themselves if there are no George Laws in Buenos Ayres. More specie is sold in the Bolsa than exists in the market; but it is difficult to get sellers into a corner, as specie can be brought from Rio and Montevideo; still the sellers are very busy at present gathering up patacons to deliver. Specie will probably descend as long as our George Laws will, and then—the present fall has been too sudden to be lasting: this is what most people think.

The great wool-broker of the Once sold all his old stock (16,000 arrobes) to-day, at reserved prices.

PRODUCE SALES.

160 dry cowhides	\$112
80 do do	114
60 doz sheepskins	190
62 do do	180
76 do do	160
140 do do by lump	130
50 ar hair, South	125
500 dry horsehides	42
500 hides, wide, for Spain	37½ s rls

Died.

On the 5th inst. in this city, Mr. Robt. Atkinson, native of Northumberland, England, aged 68 years. Deceased was a resident in this country 40 years, and much respected for his Christian piety.

COLON THEATRE.

ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY.

Extraordinary Grand Performance

For the Benefit of

Senora Dona Marietta Mollo.

ON FRIDAY, 12TH AUGUST.

UN BALLO IN MASCHERA.

After the first act Madame Mollo will sing the celebrated Adeline Patti waltz, by Maurice Strakosch. After the 2nd act Madame Mollo accompanied by Sr. Celestino, will sing the beautiful duet from the Opera Buffa.

DON PROCOPIO.

By Fioravanti.

At Eight o'Clock.

DISTRIBUIDORES

Se necesitan en esta Imprenta.

The Great Mill Auction

To-day, Friday, at noon will be knocked down to the highest bidder the Great Mill of the West, by order of the shareholders who have fully authorised the undersigned, to this effect.

CARLOS RISTORINI.

1 p A 12.

Attention.
For Sale the Livery Stables situated in the Calle Peru No. 277, now in the time for a bargain as the good season is coming in.

3 p A 12.

For Sale.

The yellow house situated at the entrance of the Boca road, with a piece of land adjoining it. For further particulars apply at the quinta next Mr. Billingham's tile yard at any hour.

a 12, 15 p

Notice.

A Musical and Dramatic Recital will take place at the Concert Room in the Colon Theatre in the course of the present month, on which occasion an eminent English Tenor, recently arrived will sing some of the most favorite ballads of the day. Further particulars will be duly announced. Tickets \$30; to be had at Mackern's Library, and Manager of Foreign Club. Buenos Ayres, August 10, 1864.

Miss Ellen Nolan.

(Supposed to be since married) Who came to this country in 1856, will hear of something to her advantage by applying at this Office, Or to Messrs. GEO. BELL & SON, 12 p A 12. 151 Calle Moreno.

Superior London Stout.

In Quarts and Pints. Superior Champagne, do. Bottled Ale of various marks, For Sale by THOMAS DUGUID AND CO., 9 p A 12 No. 30 Piedad.

Fresh Goods—Just Received

Ladies' Colored Petticoats
6-4 All Wool Tartans
8-4, 9-4, 10-4, 12-4 Damask Table Covers
Extra Fine 3-4 Hose for Children
Ladies' Merino Hose, extra fine
9-4, 10-4, 11-4, 12-4 Extra Fine Blankets
Linen Table Cloths and Napkins
Ladies' Kid Gloves
White and Coloured Flannels
Ladies' Black and Coloured Chenille Nets
Scotch Caps, &c.—all of which are offered at moderate prices.
25 & 27—Calle Defensa—25 & 27 ALEXANDER FULTON & Co. j 23. 15 p

J. S. Wyllie & Co.,

GROCERS AND DRAPERS, and general dealers in Camp Stores, Calle Buenos Ayres, CHASCOMUS, 9, 2m.

Just received Direct.

A varied and splendid assortment of Goods; suitable for the winter season, extra heavy and sound, comprising 8-4, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4 blankets; sheetings and quilts, 4-4, 6-4, and 8-4; all wool plaids, plain and striped linseys, heavy French cashmere, 4-4 Orleans, first-class 4-4 fronting linen and 11-4 linen sheeting, direct from Belfast, &c.
Lambs' wool vests, drawers and stockings cotton, do. do.
Boys, youths, and mens' woollen and cotton hosiery, Crimean shirts, &c. &c.
Also, pilot jackets and suits, boys and youths' do., heavy cord and mack pants, lined cheek shirts, white Holland shirts with linen fronts, and wrist every size, &c.—with many other articles too numerous to mention.

T. FALLON.

HIBERNIAN HOUSE, 64, 66 and 68 CALLE PIEDAD.

LIFE ASSURANCE.

The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

Established 1809.

Capital £2,000,000

The undersigned, Agents for this Company are now authorised to receive applications for Life Assurance, on the same terms as charged in the United Kingdom.

Prospectuses and all necessary information will be furnished on application

Bates Stokes & Co.

55—Maypu—55.

Fire Insurance Policies granted on almost every description of property at the reduced tariff rates.

j 29 m.

A card.

J. W. GOODMAN, Maestro Mayor, approved City Surveyor, begs leave to inform his friends that he has removed his office from Calle Tacuari to his house 404 Calle Cangallo, where he still continues to appraise houses and lands, collect rents, and as usual houses inspected.

a 2, 1 m

LA PREVISORA ARGENTINA.

LIFE ASSURANCE AND SAVING FUND ASSOCIATION OF B. AYRES
Capital Subscribed in first Three Months, 170,567 Ptas. in 125 Shares.

DIRECTORS.
D. Miguel Acuña, President
D. Benjamín Gómez, Vice President
D. Antonio Marín del Pont
D. Jacobo Paravicini
D. Constant Benjamín

MANAGING COMMITTEE.
D. Estanislao Poma
D. J. A. Fernández
D. L. B. Wilcke
D. Mariano Millinghurst
D. Ladislao F. Martínez

GERENTE,
D. JUAN CASADO.
Domicilio, Buenos Ayres.

The PREVISORA ARGENTINA will receive subscriptions as follows:—
1st—On one's own life, in shares of Five Silver Dollars and upwards. These subscriptions liquidated at any time, at the subscriber's time and option.
2nd—Without loss of capital by death of the Insurer. Subscribers will be entitled to compound interest on their subscriptions and the proportional interest forfeited by the death of other shareholders in their class, whose capital, however, is returned.
3rd—With loss of capital by death of the Insurer. All shareholders of this class shall gain compound interest on their subscriptions, besides a proportional part of the capital and interest of all who die in their class.
All these subscriptions may be paid weekly, monthly, quarterly, half yearly, or yearly.
The capital of the Company shall be invested only in landed property (finca) and with the greatest security.
The Board of Inspection, composed of subscribers, shall have charge of all the operations of the Company.

Subscriptions in Paper Money.

The Directors, wishing to enlarge the operations of the Society, have acceded to the request of many people in this city, and determined to issue shares payable in Paper Money of Buenos Ayres, under the following conditions:—
Article 56—From the 1st of April, 1864, shares shall be issued to such persons as may wish to pay in Paper Money of Buenos Ayres, and in accordance with Article 17 chapter 5 of the Statutes of the Society, the lowest sum receivable 200 dollars annually, payable in one sum, or in instalments subject to the following rules:—
1st—For Paper Money Subscribers sections will be opened and kept separate from Silver Money Subscribers.
2nd—The liquidation of the sums belonging to the sections of Paper Money Subscribers will be administered according to Article 31 of the Statutes, and for account of these particular sections.
By these means the Directors hope to gain its object, which is to enable the poorer classes to enjoy all the advantages of the society.
For further particulars apply at the Company's Office, No. 87 Calle S. Martín (altos), where prospectuses and circulars may be had.

SAVINGS BANK.

BANK MATA & CO.,

No. 103 Calle de Cangallo,
BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence. The Bank of Mata & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depositary for their savings.

The sums deposited in that most important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks, artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need, sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries, and other frivolities.

The Bank of Mata & Co. of this city, following the noble example of their firm in Montevideo, now offer the same facilities in this city, and will open a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo, from Nine a.m. till Three p.m. on Week Days, and on Sundays and Holidays from Ten a.m. to Twelve m., for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned.

The Bank will deliver to each depositor a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Mata & Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Mata & Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood.

Buenos Ayres, September 19, 1863.

P.p. Mata & Co.

WILLIAM LESLIE

CONDITIONS.

First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency Silver Dollar upwards.

Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p. c.) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.

Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.

Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wishes, can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.

Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book, it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

SEWING MACHINES

CALLE PERU, 47

A large assortment of improved Chain and Lock Stitch Sewing Machines from the most celebrated Manufacturers. These Machines stitch, hem, bind, fell, run, braid, embroider, and gather, without basting; sew equally well on all kinds of cloth, and are specially recommended for family use.

THOMAS H. BELL,

No. 47 CALLE PERU.

THE BRITISH AND FOREIGN CHINA, EARTHENWARE, AND GLASS STORE, 57-DEFENSA-57

Just opened to the Public. The largest Stock in town. Earthenware Goods of all descriptions. An immense variety of Glass Goods. English, French, and German China Articles.

Table Sets, Toilet Sets, Tea Sets, Coffee Sets.

Low Prices—Fixed Prices.

Terms—Cash.

WILLIAM FERGUSON AND CO.,
57-DEFENSA-57.

(Corner of Potosí)

N.B.—The Stock will be shortly increased by arrivals from Europe. j13

MENSAGERIA Y CORREOS NACIONALES INCIADORE.

127—CALLE 25 DE MAYO—127.

Through Tickets given to all parts of the Upper Provinces, and also to Chile and Bolivia. Parcels of all kinds, including remittance of money or valuable articles, despatched in like manner with the greatest safety.
Leaves Rosario for Mendoza, San Juan, and Chile every Tuesday.
Leaves Rosario for Córdoba every Tuesday and Saturday.
Leaves Rosario for Santiago, Tucuman, Salta, Jujuy, and Bolivia every Saturday.
Leaves Rosario for Catamarca every Tuesday.
Leaves Córdoba for Rio Cuarto every Wednesday, in conjunction with the Rosario Coach for San Luis, Mendoza, San Juan, and the Pacific.
The Office is open on all week days from 9 to 7, and on the evening preceding the sailing of the Paxon until 10 p.m., for receiving parcels, &c. Any parcel delivered on the day of sailing of the Paxon will be detained till the following week. On Sundays and Holidays the Office will be open until Noon.

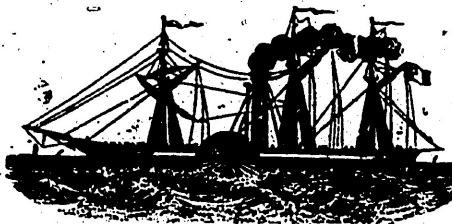
NEW GOODS.

The English Drapery Establishment of Buenos Ayres,
49 & 51—CALLE DEFENSA 49 51.

GALBRAITH & HUNTER,

Bag to intimate that they have just received a large assortment of Ladies' White and Colored French Kid Gloves, best quality; Ladies White Cambric Handkerchiefs, all classes; Linen Damask Table Cloths and Napkins, Real Welsh Flannels, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4 Blankets; White Shirtings, Huck Towellings, Pilot Jackets, Stripe Shirts, best quality; White Dress Shirts, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, &c. Also a lot of heavy Scotch Tweeds very much under present value

49 51—CALLE DEFENSA—49 & 51.



RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT.

NAMES OF STEAMERS.

LA PLATA,
PARANA, PARAGUAY,
URUGUAY, UNA.

One of these Steamers will leave Liverpool for Montevideo and Buenos Ayres on the 1st of each month.

Cargo will be received on board of the steamers 48 hours after their arrival, to be delivered in any part of the United Kingdom, or on the Continent, being forwarded by railway and steamer for account of the Company, the bills of lading being signed with these conditions.

As the object of the Company is to extend and facilitate the existing traffic between Europe and the River Plate, the rates of freight will be very moderate.

Specie and Parcels will be received until the day before the steamers leave. The Steamer "UNA," to have left Liverpool on the 8th July, and expected in the course of a few days, will be the next opportunity. She has a fine large cabin on deck, capable of accommodating thirty cabin passengers, to whom Captain Batty guarantees his usual liberal treatment. These Boats are excellent opportunities for families visiting Europe, more especially when consisting of ladies and children.

For Freight and Passage apply to the Sole Agents,

HENRY A. GREEN & CO.,
85 RECONQUISTA.

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT.

E. J. HASTLER.

NEW GOODS

Received monthly and semi-monthly.
London made BOOTS and SHOES in great variety.

61 CORRIENTES 61



The Standard Printing Office.

All kinds of English Printing done here at reasonable charges: bill-heads, \$200 per thousand; paperlets, \$150 per thousand; circulars or placards \$50 per hundred.

Great Reduction.

STREET-VIEWS AT 30s.

Luigi Bartoli has a large collection of views of Buenos Ayres, its streets, suburbs &c. at 30 dols. Recoba nueva, Plaza Victoria. 2fm J.

Good Camp

To be rented, five leagues of excellent land, situate in the Partido of Pila. For particulars, apply at 180, Calle Florida.

THE QUEEN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—£1,000,000.

Chief Office, QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS LIVERPOOL.

Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and the River Plate,

Barbour, Barclay, and Co
CALLE CHACABUCCO, 13.
Sept. 20.

Sewing Machines.

A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the latest and most improved inventions, and of different prices.

JOHN SHAW,
119 204 Calle Venezuela.

British Library Catalogue.

Price \$5.
On sale at this office or at the Library. Each month we will publish a new edition containing list of new books received, as appendix.

3,240 Pieces of Assorted Music.

550 different Songs, with Piano Accompaniments
19 " Overtures.
80 " Pianoforte Pieces.
35 " Sacred Music do
68 " Quadrilles.
36 " Polkas.
26 " Waltzes.
21 " Mazurkas, Varsoviana, Schottishes, &c.
100 " Vocal Duets, Trios, and Glee, with Piano Accompaniments. Including a variety of German, Italian, and other Foreign Music, lately received from London, from \$5 upwards, on sale at G. & H. MacKern's, 24 Calle San Martín. j 16 1 m

COMMERCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital—£2,500,000 fully subscribed. Agents for Buenos Ayres and the River Plate, BRANDT SOHN, and CO., Calle de la Piedad, 208. J1. 1m

JOHN KEMSLEY,

140—CALLE PARQUE—140.
Public and Official Translator, Land Agent.

Orders from England promptly attended to. m 8 x

On sale in the partido of Las Flores squatters' right to 3 leagues of good camp for sheep. Lindero Messrs. Portugues, Goya and Casares.

In the partido of Tandil, 38 leagues from Buenos Ayres, one league, lindero Messrs. Ivaola, pays \$6,000 per annum rent to the Government.

In property seventeen leagues in Cordoba, embracing the railway on both sides. This land is at present stocked with cattle and mules and has over 100,000 bricks on the spot ready for building wells, houses, corrals, &c

To English Travellers.

Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best Hotel in this city.

Charges are most moderate.

Wines superb

Table d'Hôte on European style.

Board, with room, gas-lights, and attendance, from 5s. to 10s. per day.

HOTEL DE LA PAIX,
(Corner of Calle Cangallo and Calle Reconquista.)
J 25.

Just Published,

Price \$20,
"The Cotton-fields of Paraguay and Corrientes,"
By M. G. MULHALL.
On sale at Messrs. McKern's.

Grand Hotel Du Louvre

The proprietor of the Grand Hotel du Louvre has the honor to inform the public that from 1st of July, he will open a table d'hôte in his saloons at a fixed hour.

Breakfast will be served at 10 o'clock, dinner at 5 p.m. The bill of fare will be changed everyday, and the wines first class. The proprietor hopes by a good and choice selection of viands and an attentive service to leave nothing to be desired, in satisfying his numerous supporters. J 29 1m

Notice.

The undersigned, Sole Agents in this city for the sale of the celebrated Brandy marked "JULES ROBIN & Co." hereby caution the public that a spurious article in imitation of the genuine is now being offered on sale, the bottles of which are forged with the name of the aforesaid manufacturers, but are easily detected from the deficiency of their name being branded in the corks and ours as sole agents on each bottle.

Buenos Ayres, July 4th, 1864.

JOHN BEST & BROS.

j5, 1 m

Governess.

A Lady, a clergyman's daughter, who has had much experience in tuition, is anxious to obtain a situation as Resident Governess in Buenos Ayres. The course of instruction comprises English in its several branches, the use of the globes, drawing, painting, music, and instruction in singing, and the rudiments of French.

Pupils under 12 years of age preferred.

Apply to Messrs. G. and H. McKern, 25 Calle San Martín. j 19 1 m

"The Standard."—Printed and Published every morning at the Standard Printing Office, No. 72 Calle Belgrano, by the Proprietors and Editors M. G. & E. T. MULHALL